

Theorem (Włodarczyk, Kollar) $C = C(I, a_i)$

Given x_1, x'_1 near origin, (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) reg. syst. of params, $(X'_1, X'_2, \dots, X'_n)$

\exists étale $\begin{array}{ccc} & \tilde{Y} & \\ \pi \swarrow & & \searrow \pi' \\ Y & & Y \end{array}$ st. $\pi^* x_i = \pi'^* x'_i$ Mc-invar
 $\pi^* x'_i = \pi'^* x_i$
 $C(\pi(I)) = \pi^* C = \pi'^* C = C(\pi'^* I)$

Prop: inv is functorial, well defined, U.S.C.

Proof: ord, ΣI functorial for smooth maps

$\Rightarrow C(I, a_i) \Leftarrow$ functorial

$\Rightarrow \text{inv}_p(I, x_1, \dots, x_n) \Leftarrow$ functorial

(X_1, \dots, X_n) extends (x_1, \dots, x_n)

x'_i aff to changes X_i by $X_i + t X_i$

$(X'_1, X'_2, \dots, X'_n) \quad \pi^* I[a_i] = \pi'^* I[a'_i]$

induct $\Rightarrow a_2, \dots, a_n$ well defined

$\Rightarrow (a_1, \dots, a_n)$ indep. of choices